AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a formulation comprising an ion-conducting polymeric material, the method comprising:
- (a) selecting an ion-conducting polymeric material of a type which includes a combination of:
 - (i) phenyl moieties;
 - (ii) carbonyl and/or sulphone moieties; and
 - (iii) ether and/or thioether moieties;
- (b) selecting a solvent mixture comprising water and a first organic solvent in which mixture said ion-conducting polymeric material can be dissolved and/or dispersed;
- (c) dissolving and/or dispersing said ion-conducting polymeric material in said solvent mixture;
- (d) removing greater than 80% of the total amount of said first organic solvent in said solvent mixture, thereby to leave a formulation comprising said ion-conducting polymeric material dissolved and/or dispersed in a solvent formulation comprising a major amount of water.
- 2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein said first organic solvent selected in step (b) is water miscible at 25°C and has a boiling point of less than that of water.
- 3. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein said first organic solvent has up to 5 carbon atoms.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said first organic solvent includes an hydroxyl, ether or carbonyl functional group.

- 5. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said first organic solvent is selected from acetone, methylethylketone, ethanol and tetrahydrofuran.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said solvent mixture includes an optional second organic solvent having a boiling point which is greater than that of said first organic solvent.
- 7. (Original) A method according to claim 6, wherein said second organic solvent has a boiling point at atmospheric pressure which is at least 20°C greater than the boiling point of said first organic solvent.
- 8. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the ratio of the wt% of water to the wt% of said first organic solvent is in the range 0.25 to 2.5.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said solvent mixture of step (c) includes at least 1wt% and less than 20wt% of said ion-conducting polymeric material.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) of the method is carried out at a temperature which is less than the boiling point of the solvent mixture.
- 11. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein after removal of the first organic solvent the solvent formulation which includes a major amount of water includes at least 10wt% and less than 30wt% of said ion-conducting polymeric material.
- 12. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material includes:

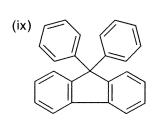
a moiety of formula

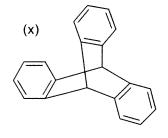
and/or a moiety of formula

and/or a moiety of formula

$$+ O_2 + O_$$

wherein at least some of the units I, II and/or III are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites, wherein the phenyl moieties in units I, II, and III are independently optionally substituted and optionally cross-linked; and wherein m,r,s,t,v,w and z independently represent zero or a positive integer, E and E' independently represent an oxygen or a sulphur atom or a direct link, G represents an oxygen or sulphur atom, a direct link or a -O-Ph-O- moiety where Ph represents a phenyl group and Ar is selected from one of the following moieties (i)* or (i) to (x) which is bonded via one or more of its phenyl moieties to adjacent moieties





- 13. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said polymeric material is sulphonated.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 12, wherein said polymeric material is a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$= \left\{ \left(Ar \right) \left(\bigcirc \right)_{m} E' \right\}_{A} \left(\bigcirc \right) = \left(\bigcirc \right)_{w} G \left(\bigcirc \right)_{r} CO \left(\bigcirc \right)_{s} B \right]$$
 IV

or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & E - Ar \\
\hline
 & C \\
 & C \\$$

or a random or block copolymer of at least two different units of IV and/or V provided that repeat units (or parts of repeat unit) are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites; or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & co \\
 & co \\
\hline
 & co \\
 & c$$

or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & SO_2 \\
\hline
 & SO_$$

or a random or block copolymer of at least two different units of IV* and/or V* provided that repeat units (or parts of repeat units) are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites; wherein A, B, C, and D independently represent 0 or 1 and E, E', G, Ar, m, r, s, t, v, w and z are as described in claim 12.

- 15. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 14, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material includes at least some ketone moieties in the polymeric chain.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material includes –ether-biphenyl-ether-phenyl-ketone-units.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A polymeric material containing formulation (hereinafter "said pmc formulation") which comprises an ion-conducting polymeric material dissolved and/or dispersed in a solvent formulation wherein:

- (a) said ion-conducting polymeric material includes:
 - (i) phenyl moieties;
 - (ii) carbonyl and/or sulphone moieties; and
 - (iii) ether and/or thioether moieties; and
- (b) greater than 50 wt% of said solvent formulation is made up of water.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A polymeric material according to claim 17, wherein said PMC formulation includes at least 9wt% of said ion-conducting polymeric material.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating an article, the method including the step of contacting a member with a formulation as described in claim 1.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 19, which is used to deposit the polymeric material on said member.